

- (c) directly or indirectly, by himself or his partner, interested in a subsisting contract made with, or any work being done for the corporation :

Provided that a person shall not be deemed to have any interest in such contract or work by reason only of his having a share or interest in—

- (i) any lease, sale or purchase of immovable property or any agreement for the same ;
- (ii) any agreement for the loan of money or any security for the payment of money only ;
- (iii) any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the corporation is inserted ;
- (iv) any company or association, whether incorporated or not, which contracts with the corporation for lighting or supplying with water any part of the city or insuring against fire any property of the corporation ;
- (v) any company ;
- (d) employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the corporation or as legal practitioner against the corporation ;
- (e) an officer or servant holding office under this Act, or a public prosecutor or Government pleader ; or
- (f) in arrears of any kind due by him to the corporation, otherwise than, as an agent, receiver, trustee or an executor ; or
- (g) already either a councillor whose term of office as such will not expire before his fresh election or appointment can take effect or

has already been elected a councillor whose term of office has not yet commenced.

**29. Offences entailing disqualification.**—(1) Conviction the following offences shall entail disqualification for being a councillor, namely :—

- (a) offences punishable with imprisonment under section 171E or section 171F of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act 45 of 1860), and
- (b) offences punishable under section 46 or section 58 or clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 59 of this Act.

(2) The period of such disqualification shall be six years from the date of the conviction for the offence.

**30. Corrupt practices entailing disqualification.**—The corrupt practices specified in section 45 shall entail disqualification for being a councillor for a period of six years counting from the date on which the finding of the court as to such practice takes effect under this Act.

**31. Disqualification for being a voter arising out of conviction and corrupt practice.**—If any person—

- (a) is convicted of an offence punishable with imprisonment under section 171E or section 171F of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act 45 of 1860) or an offence punishable under section 46 or section 58 or clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 59 of this Act; or
- (b) is upon the trial of an election petition under this Act found guilty of any corrupt practice.

he shall for a period of six years from the date of conviction or from the date on which such finding takes effect be disqualified for voting at an election.